



Water Availability and use at CC&V

Location



Pikes Peak

Cripple Creek

Victor

Cripple Creek Mining District History

- 1880—Gold discovered in Poverty Gulch**
- 1896—Victor population reached 8,000
- 1899—Victor burned leaving >3,000 people homeless
- 1894-1917—More than 500 mines operated in District
- 1899-1902—More than 800,000 oz gold produced/yr
- 1900—Victor pop. 12,000;** 8 pharmacies, 15 restaurants, 2 newspapers, 12 labor unions, 2 banks, 29 doctors, 5 architects, 48 saloons, 6 churches, and 15 attorneys
- 1891-1961—More than 21 million ounces produced**
- 1962—Last underground mine and Carlton Mill close
- 1976—CC&V Gold Mining Co formed as joint venture**
- 1994—Cresson Project permitted**
- 1999—AngloGold Corp. formed joint venture with Golden Cycle Gold Corp. and is full owner in 2008
- 2002—Truck shop, new Crusher, and expanded ADR
- 2011—Donated gold to State of CO to resurface Capital dome**
- 2012—CO and Teller County approved Mine Life Extension 2, extends mining through 2025, including a new mill, VLF, and ADR**
- 2014—Mill began operation, first gold produced**
- 2015—Newmont Mining Corporation purchased CC&V**
- 2015—CC&V poured 5,000,000 oz since initiating in 1995**



CC&V Mine Stats

Location- Located 24 miles west Colorado Springs in central Colorado

Ownership- 100% Newmont

Current Production Start – 1994

Mine Elevation – 9100' – 10740'

Current Mine Plan- +5 years
(2016 budget plan)



Average Annual Production- 380,000-420,000 ounces gold

Average Mining Rate – 165,000 tons per day (60 million tons per year)

Processing- Crushing and grinding circuit, gravity and flotation followed by carbon-in-leach gold recovery circuit

Crusher Capacity – 60,000 tons/day primarily for leaching operations

High Grade mill started in 2014

CC&V Employees



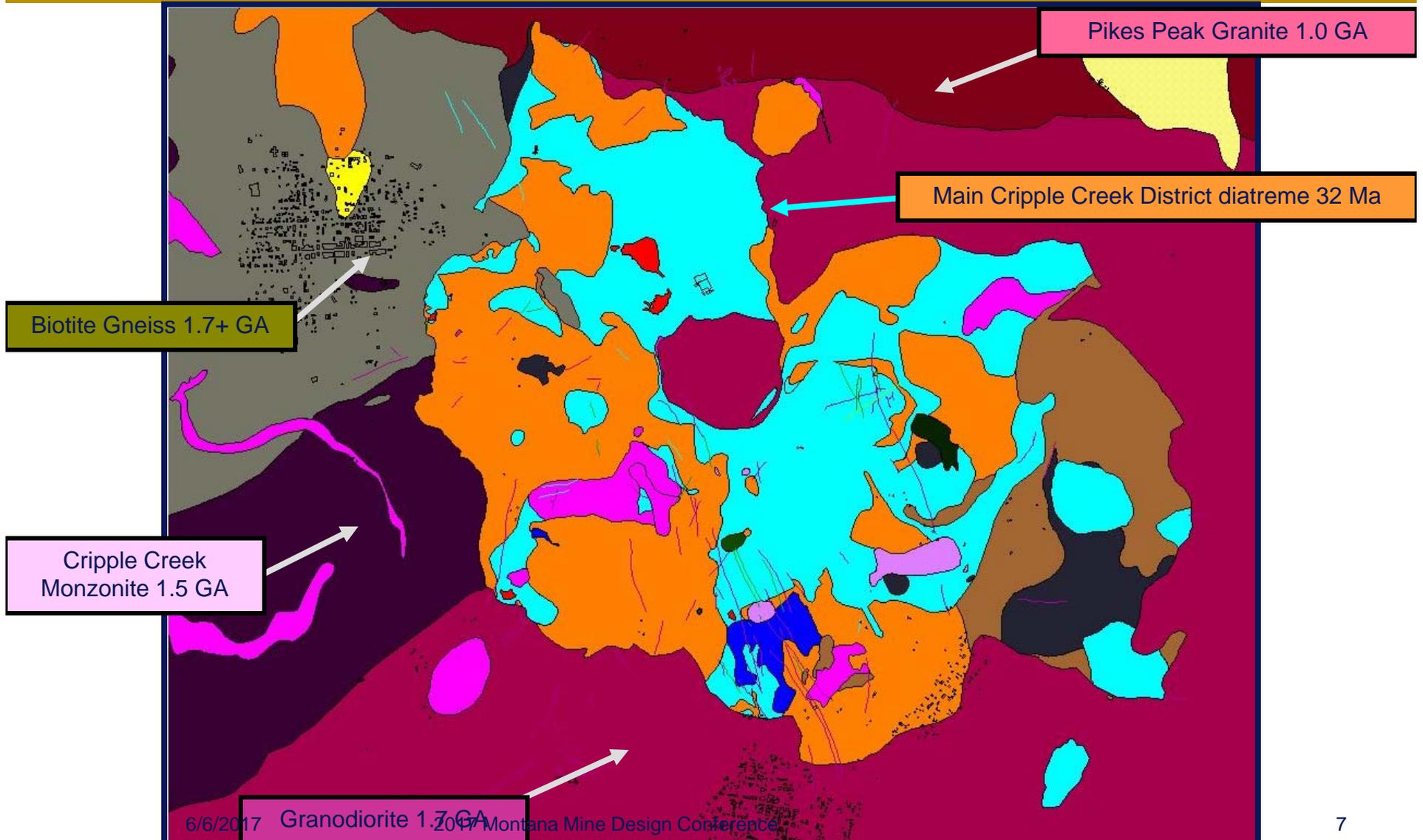
By City			By County		
City	#	%	County	#	%
Canon City	110	19%	El Paso	82	14%
Cripple Creek	45	8%	Fremont	129	22%
Colo Springs	67	12%	Other	46	8%
Divide	46	8%	Park	20	3%
Florissant	91	16%	Pueblo	4	1%
Guffey	12	2%	Teller	300	52%
Lake George	9	2%		581	100%
Other	61	10%			
Penrose	12	2%			
Pueblo/Pueblo W.	1	0%			
Ute Pass	0	0%			
Victor/Goldfield	21	4%			
Woodland Park	106	18%			
	581	100%			

% Female = 12.7%
Avg Age = 41
Avg YOS = 7.4

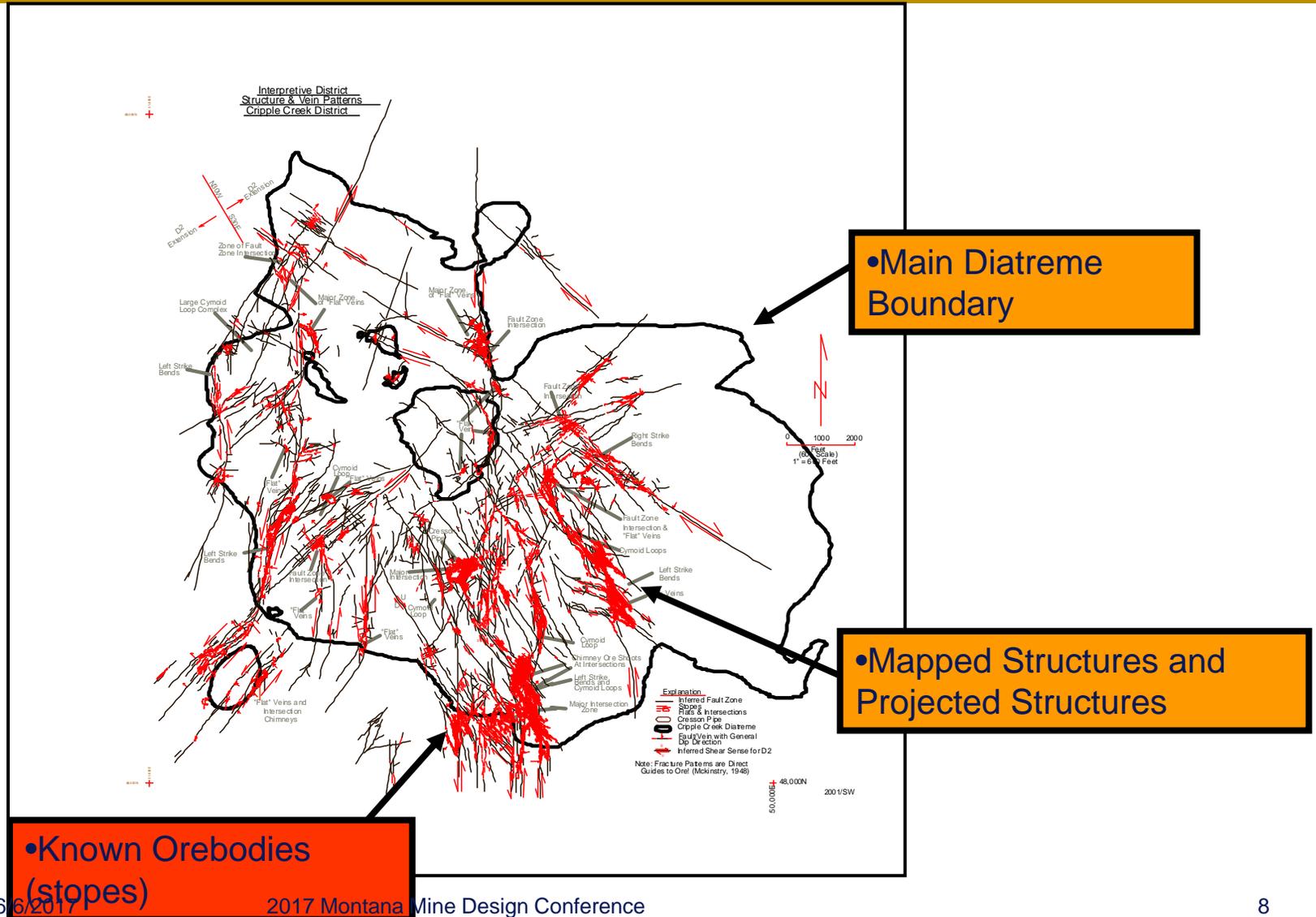
*** As of May 2016**

*Employee Population includes Managers

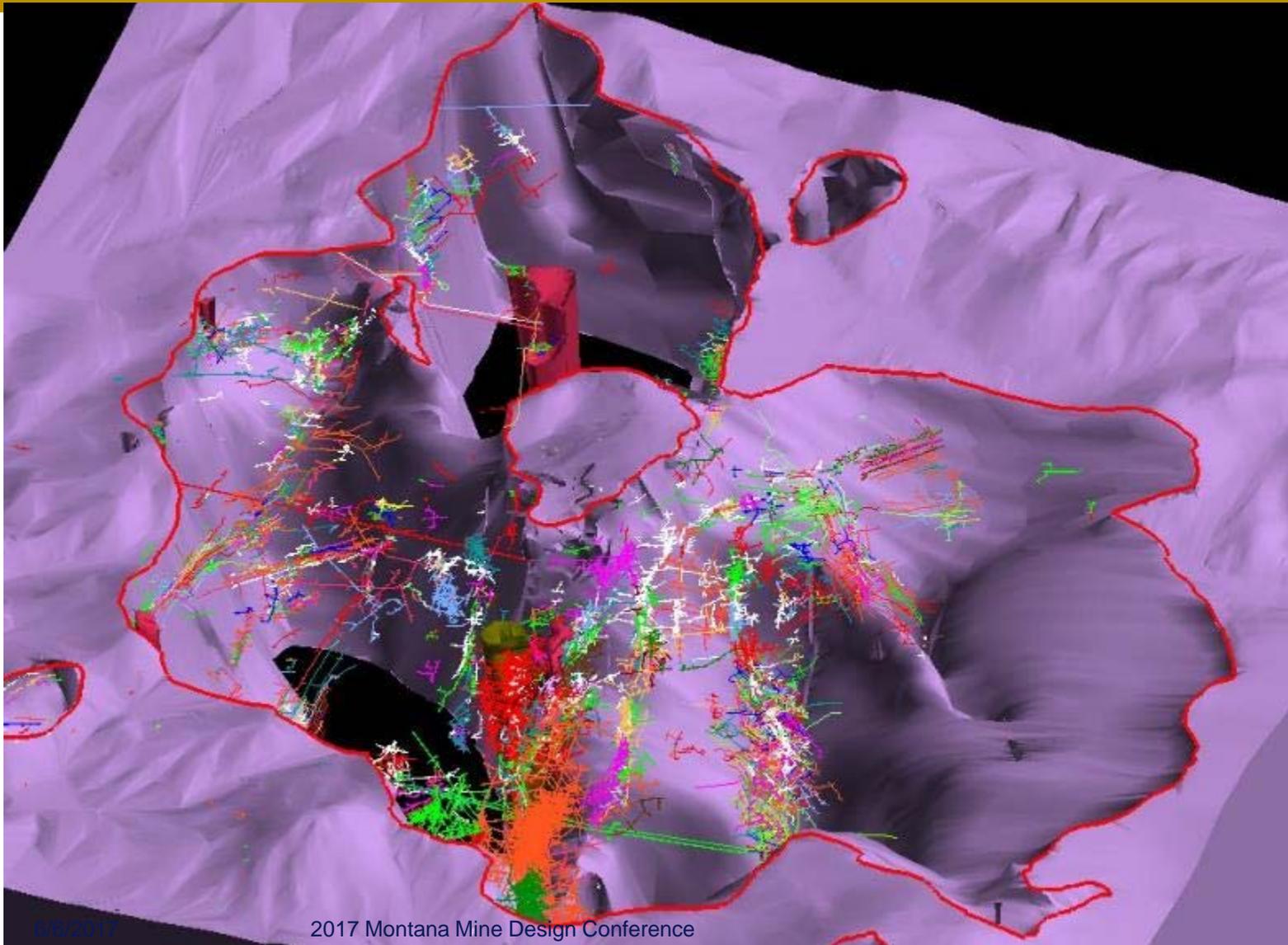
Geology



District Structural Model



Historic Underground Mines in the District

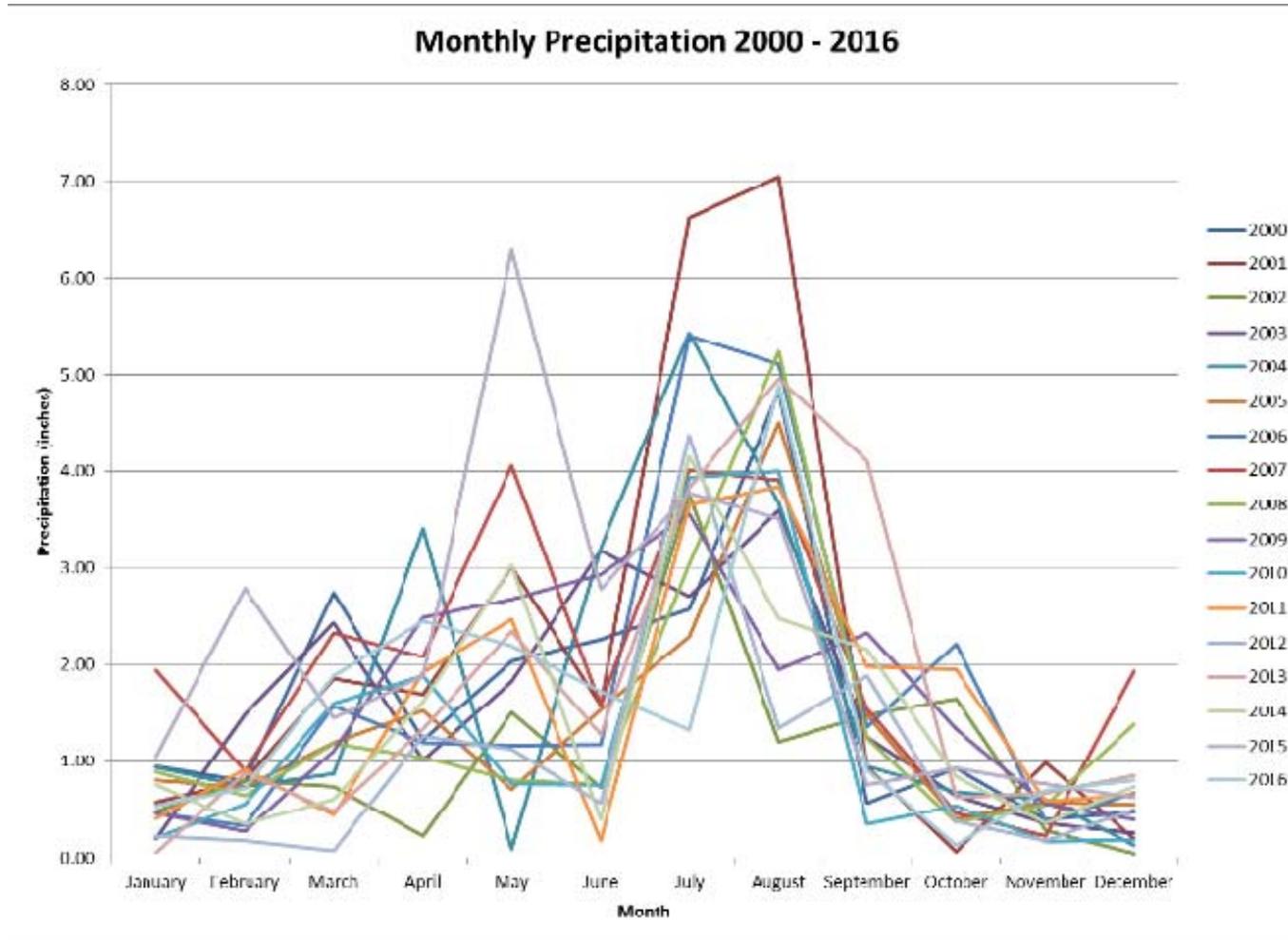


Modern Mining in a Historic District



Water Availability

Monthly Precipitation

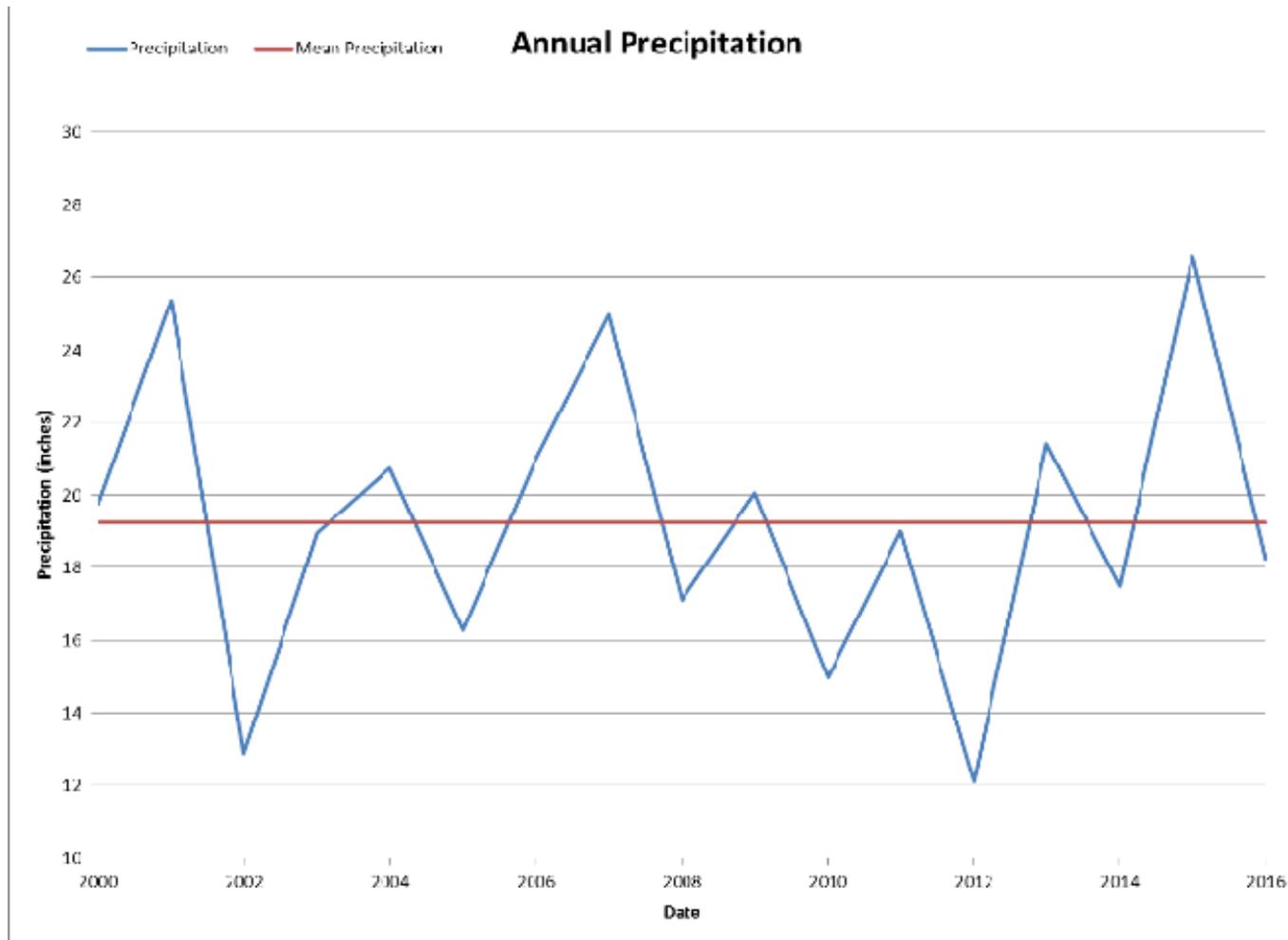


Monthly
average
precipitation:
1.60 inches

Wettest
month: August

Driest Month:
November

Water Availability Annual Totals

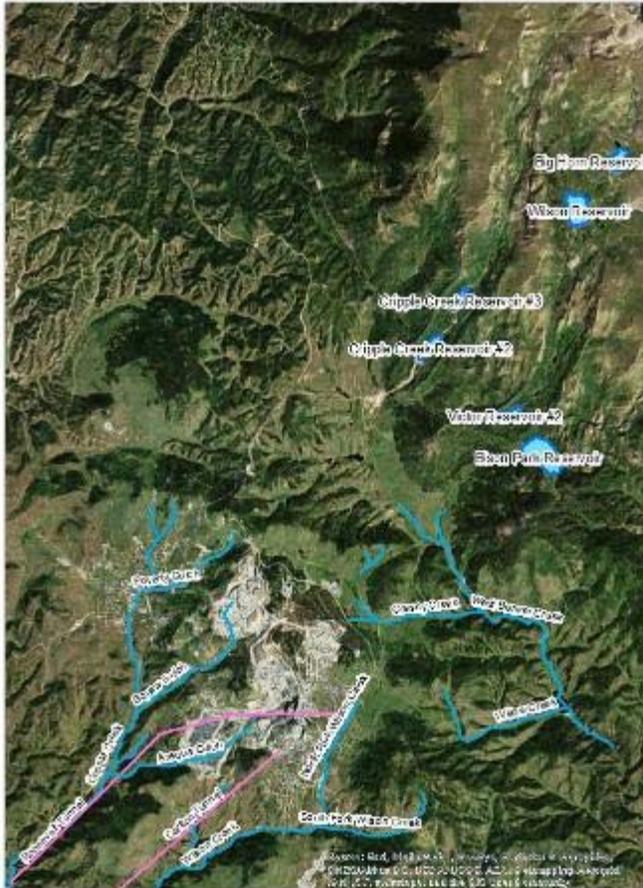


Average
annual
precipitation:

~19 inches

Approx 30%
infiltration

Water Availability Near Site Surface Water



Surface water bodies include:

Cripple Creek Reservoirs

- Cripple Creek #2
- Cripple Creek #3

City of Victor Reservoirs

- Victor Reservoir #2
- Bison Reservoir

Colorado Springs Utility Reservoirs

- Big Horn Reservoir
- Wilson Reservoir

West Beaver Creek

Grassy Creek

Cripple Creek

Wilson Creek

Water Availability

Mine Water Sources



Close proximity surface water bodies include:

Cripple Creek Reservoirs

- Cripple Creek #2

City of Victor Reservoirs

- Victor Reservoir #2

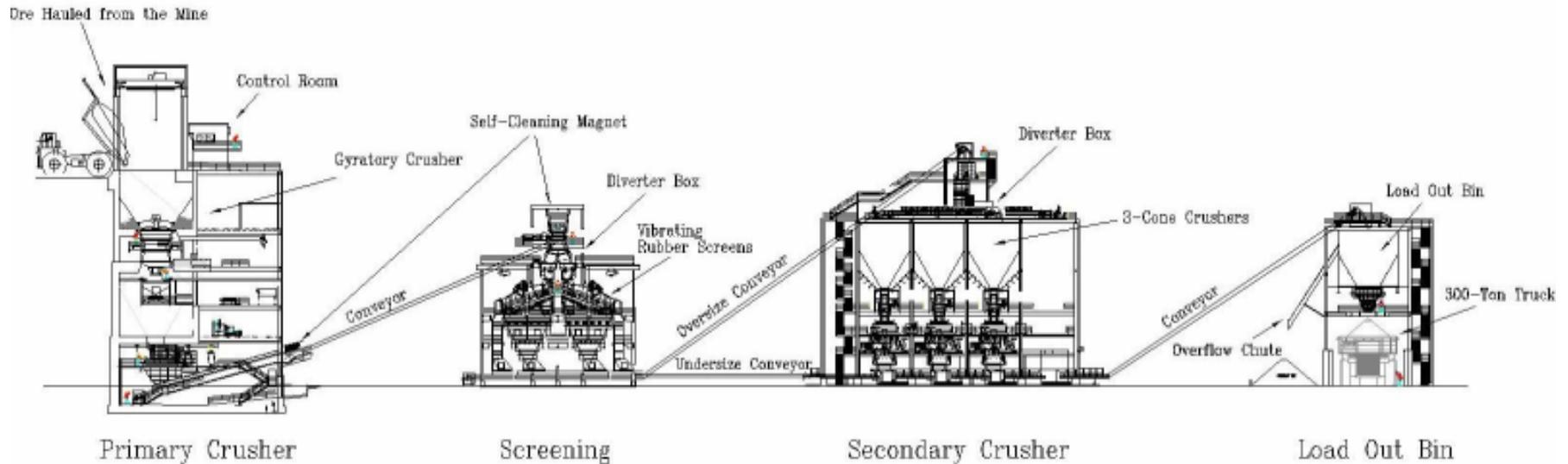
Colorado Springs Utility

- Big Horn Reservoir
- Wilson Reservoir

West Beaver Creek

- Altman pump station

CC&V Water Use: Crusher Process

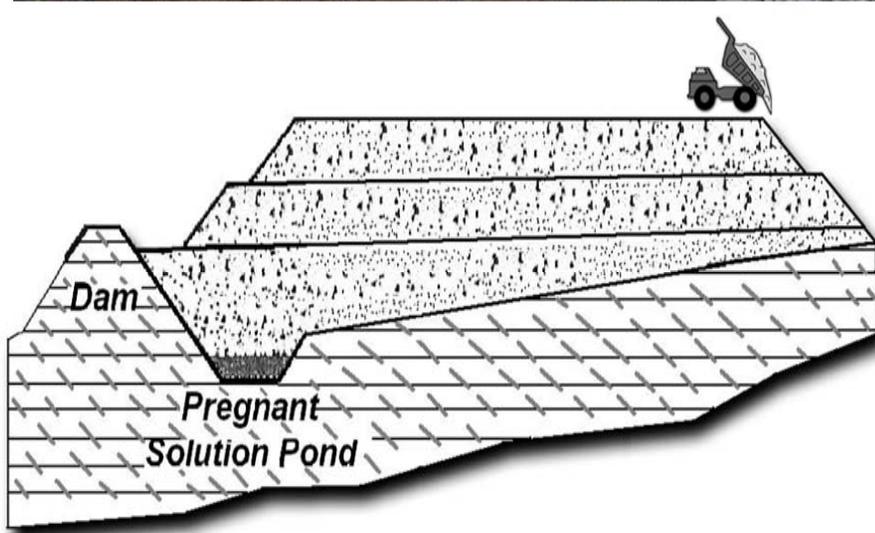


CC&V Water Use: Mining activity

WHEX Pit
July 2016

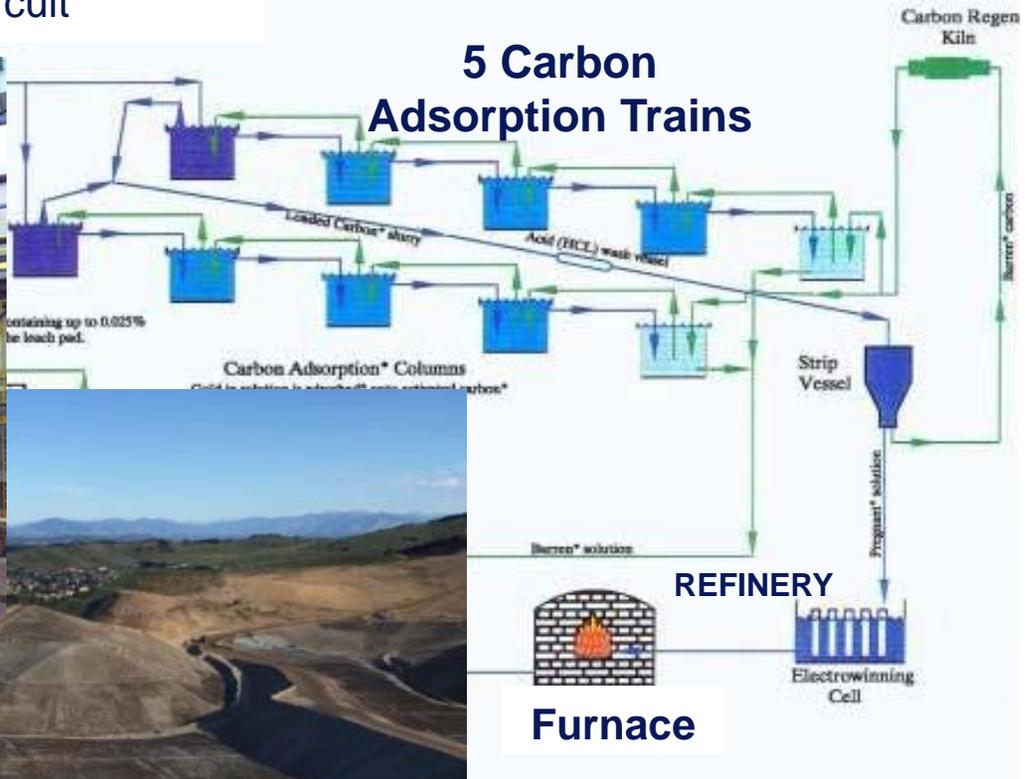


CC&V Water Use: Leach Facilities



CC&V Water Use: Gold Recovery ADR 1 & 2

Cross processing circuit



CC&V Water Use: Milling Facility

NEWMONT.
NORTH AMERICA



CC&V Water Use: Water Augmentation



Water Right Determination and Administration Act of 1969

Substitute water supply plans created to prevent injury to downstream water right holders due to up-gradient activity

Significant Water Consumption

Questions?

